

A NEW ENEMY.

MacLeod. A plant known to cattle and horses as the loco weed, is causing great loss amongst the range animals on the other side of the line, so much damage being done as to cause the U. S. government to send out a party to investigate into the nature of the plant and the best methods of eradicating it from the range. The weed grows in moist spots and is generally to be found in the hay meadows in a hilly district. In appearance the weed closely resembles the wild sage plant in color. Hundreds of cattle and horses die annually on the Montana ranges and the cause is attributed to the poisonous nature of the weed referred to. Horses are peculiarly affected by the weed. The animals fatten up readily and look sleek and well, but take and ride or drive use of the animals having the poison in the system and as soon as it becomes heated up the exhibits signs of madness. He will, without the least warning, rear up and fall over backward, and when he gets up on his legs again will take the bit in his teeth and dash blindly ahead until he drops from exhaustion or dashes himself over the back. He is also very much alarmed at any object, no matter how familiar, which happens to be on a level with his head. Horsemen are agreed that the complaint is caused by the animal partaking of a poisonous weed, but they differ as to the variety of the weed, some contending that the wild parsnip is the weed which does the mischief. Anyway the men who have been selected to investigate into this matter, have left Helena, Montana, and are now studying the plant in the State where it has worked the most mischief and the result of their studies will be awaited with great interest, not only by American stockmen but also by stock owners on this side of the boundary line.

WANT RECIPROCITY.

The New York Merchants' association at a meeting last week adopted the following resolution:

Whereas, the manufactured products of the United States are constantly increasing, and are already exceeding the demands of home consumption; and

Whereas, this over production is a serious and growing menace to the commercial interests of this country; and

Whereas, the opening of foreign markets upon equal terms and conditions as will enable the manufacturers of this country to dispose of their products advantageously therein will furnish a preventive for the threatening evil; and

Whereas, the opening of the Canadian market, which lies so near and with which communication is so direct, would be a long and profitable outlet for our surplus products; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, that the merchants' association of New York hereby urges upon the president and congress that such immediate and effective steps be taken as in their judgment will result in the consummation of a mutually advantageous reciprocal trade agreement between the United States and Canada; and be it further

Resolved, that a certified copy of these resolutions and resolutions be sent to the president of the United States, and should such an agreement come before congress, that the association urge upon the members of that body the adoption of a proper reciprocal agreement.

PAUNCEFOTE OF THE NICARAGUAN CANAL.

Lord Pauncefote has been giving out a most interesting talk in London in regard to the Nicaraguan canal, reciprocity in general between the United States and British colonies, and reciprocity in particular between the United States and Canada and Newfoundland. From his words it is evident that he believes that it is possible to adjust all the points in dispute between the Americans and their British cousins, although he frankly admits that the process will be slow and tedious. He said: "On the canal subject, we are now in the middle of the negotiations which, although they have not yet reached any tangible result, show good promise. Naturally, I may not discuss the details, but I may say that when I return to the United States, at the end of October, I hope to take with me the views of both President McKinley and the British cabinet. I happen to know that Mr. Hay has consulted the senate, both the senate supposed to support him and the senate divided with other motives, and you may be sure that whatever is agreed upon between the two governments will meet the approval of the senate. There is no use wasting time over treaties which the senate is likely to refuse. I really believe the difference of opinion between the two nations is a hindrance to settlement in an agreement fair to both. If I could finish my delightful labors in the United States by accomplishing this end I should indeed feel grateful. But the only way this can be attained is by step by step, with proposition followed by counter-proposition, and eventually a happy medium. It is slow, but I believe it is sure. If I thought anything could be done before October, I would return prior to that date, but I don't believe that anything would be gained." Coming to the subject of reciprocity, Lord Pauncefote stated that he was conferring with the Marquis of Lansdowne,

about a number of treaties with this country, which he expected would lead to good results. He said that he expected the high joint commission to meet again some time in the fall. He did not agree with the opinion that the seasons already held had resulted in no good, as the joint commission had thrashed out many points of difference between Canada and the United States, although the inability to agree as to the Alaska boundary and the aid of Lord Herschell appeared to nullify its labors. "I should hope," he said, "to include Newfoundland in a reciprocal agreement, making its interests identical with those of Canada, although so far as Newfoundland is concerned it is all a question of fish, and the Gloucester fishermen do not always see things in just the same light as the people of Newfoundland. In spite of the attitude of Canada toward Newfoundland, and in spite of the trade difficulties of both Canada and Newfoundland in dealing with the United States, I by no means despair of effecting some sort of reciprocity scheme, which, with other treaties, will bring Great Britain and the United States to a better basis of common understanding than exists to-day."

FARMERS' INSTITUTE MEETING IN STRATHCONA.

A very interesting and instructive farmers' meeting was held in Strathcona, on last Friday afternoon under the auspices of the South Edmonton agricultural society. The speakers were gentlemen in the employ of the Dominion and Territorial departments of agriculture, viz: Prof. Fletcher, botanist of the Central Experimental Farm, at Ottawa; Angus McKay, superintendent of the experimental farm at Indian Head, Assn., and T. N. Willing, Territorial weed inspector. President McLean of the agricultural society occupied the chair. There was a good attendance of farmers and townspeople, particularly the latter as it was almost impossible for farmers to get in.

Mr. McKay spoke first and briefly. He dwelt mainly upon the virtues of bromo grass for hay in this region, giving advice as to seedling and caring for it. He considered ten pounds per acre sufficient seed. It has a tendency to grow thick in time and can be checked to good advantage by plowing down in the fall to a depth of three inches, after which it should be rolled and will yield a good crop the following year.

Mr. McKay reminded farmers that plum and crab apple trees could be had free of charge at the Indian Head farm if application were made in good time (January) and he hoped that by the time they were widely advertised for grafting, grafts of the larger varieties of plums and apples could be obtained at the experimental farm also.

Mr. Willing spoke briefly leaving the subject of noxious weeds mainly for Prof. Fletcher who would follow him. Mr. Willing and also Mr. Foster, the local weed inspector, had numerous samples of noxious weeds on exhibition which were useful to the speakers in their discussions.

Prof. Fletcher, who was heard for the first time in this part of the country, is a very ready and pleasing speaker thoroughly acquainted with the subject of noxious weeds. He referred to stink weed, sometimes called French weed, as the worst weed the farmers of this region have to contend against. It is exceedingly prolific, producing two and a half crops each season. It ripens seed twice and in the fall throws its strength into its roots making a strong plant for the succeeding spring.

Some of our weeds are annuals, others live two years, others for many years. To get rid of the annuals they must be plowed up before maturity; for the two-year plants it is necessary to plow two seasons in succession. Weeds require food and the leaves are the feeders hence cutting down the plants will eventually kill them. He advised the use of a weed or harrow (the former preferred) on fields soon after the grain appears. The Prof. considered rag weed the most difficult to get out of grain on account of the seed being so near the size of wheat that it effect on it. Millers objected strongly to it on this account and because when ground it gives a bitter taste to flour. He referred to Russian pig weed as being a weed prevalent here, somewhat similar in appearance to lamb's quarter but much more noxious. He said skunk tail grass or fox tail as it is popularly known is a cause for a kind of lumpy jaw in cattle, the heads swelling down beside the teeth and causing tumors which develop into lumpy jaw in appearance.

ONTARIO'S WEAT.

Ancient the weather question it is comforting to know that extremes of heat, drought and rainfall are prevalent in other parts of the continent. The Globe of the 22nd, says:

"The spell of cool breezes last week has been all too brief in duration, and is now rapidly becoming a pleasant reminiscence. The warm wave has returned, and yesterday it was general over the United States, and as far east as Canada as Montreal. The prospects are that for the next few days the mercury will be steadily on the upward grade, with very little indication at present of any change for the better."

DOINGS AT PONOKA.

From the Ponoka Herald.

July is counted as the quietest month of the year for immigration, but despite this fact homesteaders and settlers are steadily coming to this part of Alberta.

We are told by one in a position to know that the Presbyterian people have decided definitely to erect a good church building here this fall, if they can secure a small amount of aid from the people. The trustees have practically \$1,000 at their command which is very encouraging to the success of the enterprise.

Can somebody inform the people on the C. & E. why they do not receive mail from the south on Saturday. The postmaster here received advice from the postal department that after June 15th mail would be received here Saturdays and despatched Mondays. The C. P. R. trustees refused to comply with these requirements and that is the last anyone has ever heard of the new mail service. If there is any reason why we should not be given a daily mail we'd like to hear it.

Half a dozen farmers have requested this paper during the past week to advocate better roads. We might advocate till doomsday and that would make no improvement in the present unsatisfactory roads. The thing to do where it is not already done is to organize local improvement districts, get capable men in as path masters, and then get out and work the roads. Good roads cannot be expected where no work has ever been done, but as has been proven, with the character of the soil and the drainage we have, good roads are easily made here.

NEW LOAN FOR KAMLOOPS.

As a result of incorrect estimates Kamloops, B. C., finds itself forced to make a second loan of \$2,000 to complete the waterworks system it has under way. The estimated cost of the plant in 1899 was \$37,500 and the borrowing of that sum was authorized. It is now found that the cost will amount to \$49,500 and the additional \$12,000 will have to be provided for by a second loan.

Lord Roberts, the commander-in-chief, has issued an order that in future mounted infantry officers are to carry carbines instead of swords on active service and in manoeuvres.

She Didn't wear a Mask.

But her beauty was completely hidden by sores, blotches and pimples till she used Bucklin's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished as will all Eruptions, Fever Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Carbuncles and Felons from its use. Infallible for Cuts, Gores, Burns, Scalds, and Piles. Cure guaranteed. See at McDonald's Pharmacy.

Twelve Million in Force.

The Great West Life Assurance Company has from its inception, pursued a most conservative course with regard to its Reserve, realizing the importance of fully safeguarding the interests of its policyholders and making provision that affords undoubted security for carrying out all contracts entered into, and until two years ago was the only Canadian Company adopting the stricter standard. That this course was wisely directed is evidenced by the fact that the Canadian Government has, since 1st January, 1900, required from all Companies a higher standard of Reserve, thus endorsing the sound policy of the Great West Life.

In addition to creating an ample Reserve, there are two other factors of vital importance to the policyholders, namely, the safe and the remunerative investment of the funds. That this Company can print to the fact that it does risk every dollar's worth of property under closed mortgages, is sufficient testimony to the manner in which its investments have been made. With this successfully handling its funds, it has been able to earn a higher rate of interest than any other Company, justifying its claim to be the best Company for its policyholders and proving it worthy of the recommendation of its friends.

The great western country of Canada is acknowledged by all to be the most favorable field for the investment of money provided the investor is experienced and possesses a thorough knowledge of the country. The Great West Life is fortunate in having on its Board of Directors many of the leading and most experienced and successful investors of capital in the West.

The fact that the Great West Life Assurance Co. earns two per cent. more interest on its funds than any other Company doing business in Canada explains why it can, at the same time, charge a lower premium and return to its policyholders a larger dividend than any of its competitors.

O. BISHOPRIC,
Special Agent,
Edmonton, Alta.

JOHN ROSS & CO.,
General Agents.

Tender for Indian Beef.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for Indian Beef" will be received at this Office up to noon of the delivery at this Office, August 1st, 1901, for the delivery of 100,000 lbs. of fresh beef, more or less, of fresh beef, at Stony Plain Indian Agency and the Indian Department contract. Particulars of said contract can be seen by application to the undersigned. Tenders will be received for any portion of the above twenty-eight thousand pounds of beef, provided they are not for less than five thousand pounds. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JAMES GIBBONS,
Indian Office,
Stony Plain,
Edmonton.

ROSS BROS. FARMERS FIRST.



Farmers, do you need any Barb Wire? Now is the getting time for crops. Fence them in. We have all you need for the purpose.

..WIRE..

Barbed and Plain.

Staples, Nails, Post Mails, Post Augers.

Everything but the Post Holes.

Poultry Netting.

We Keep Poultry Netting

24, 30, 36, 48, 60 and 72 inches wide

Grind Stones, Emery Stones, Scythe Stones, Sickle Grinders.

We have the Best Tool Grinder on the market.

"The Bi-Pedal,"

Grinds Sickle Knives, Axes, anything. We have them in operation and will be pleased to show them.

Haying Season.

We Have Everything in Haying Tools:

Hay Forks, all sizes and kinds, Scythes, Snaths, Mattocks.

EVERYTHING FOR FARMERS...

...IN THE HARDWARE LINE.

SHOO FLY!

The celebrated Evans Sprayer and Fly Fuma will be exhibited at Potter & MacDougall's stand on the Exhibition Grounds during the

BIG FAIR

FARMERS, RANCHERS, FREIGHTERS, CITIZENS.

This is just what you want. It will keep Mosquitoes and Flies off your Horses and Cattle and will also keep your stable and Hen House clear of flies and lice. Thousands being sold every day.

Potter & MacDougall.

Hallier & Aldridge's

Bread, Cakes and Pastry. Wedding and Birthday Cakes a Specialty.

Ice Cream supplied for Parties, Dances or Picnics.

Our Leaders:

BEST PATENT, STRONG BAKERS' GOLDEN HARVEST WHITE CLOVER.

Highest Cash Price paid for Wheat.

Dowling Milling Co

(LIMITED) EDMONTON, - ALBERTA.

ENTRAY OR STOLEN. \$5.00 REWARD.

Lost from fair grounds on the night of the 5th, a small brown pony mare, black points, all cut square, short heavy mane falling on either side of neck, weight about 250 pounds, small hump on neck, named by backbones. When lost had stock saddle, bridle and rope, valued about \$100. Reward \$50.00 on left skirt, made by the Great West Saddlery Co. \$5.00 reward for recovery.

704 GRAY & McGUIRE, Strathcona Library.

NOTICE.

Town Pound.

On and after 22nd July, 1901, the Pound By-Law will be strictly enforced within the Municipality, and all animals found running at large will be impounded. By order.

GEO. J. KINNAIRD, Secretary-Treasurer.

767 Strathcona, July 22nd, 1901.

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern: I wish to make a statement of the cure of my nervous condition and stammering. Prof. Drysdale performed six magnetic suggestive treatments upon me. Now I am practically cured.

HENRY GRAY.

Clearing Sale.

Before taking stock we have decided to offer our customers the following bargain: 8 lbs. Gran. Sugar and 1 lb. best Tea, for 10 cents. 9 lbs. Brown Sugar and 1 lb. best Tea, for 10 cents. Special reductions in all our Groceries will be allowed.

We shall also grant a discount of 10 per cent. on the following lines: Fish, Meats, Moccasins, Arctic Socks, Furs of all kinds, also Gloves and Mitts.

Garipey & Brosseau.

Telephone. Free Delivery.

Pure Lime Fruit Juice.

Insect Powder.

Fly Poison Paper.

Sticky Fly Paper.

...AT...

MacDonald's Pharmacy.

BUILDING STONE

I am prepared to supply all classes of Cut Stone, Marble and Dimension Stone.

For further particulars apply to

Red Deer Quarries.

W. A. MOORE, Prop.

Red Deer.

AN IMPERIAL VIEW OF COLONIAL LOYALTY

London Spectator: When a statesman whose reputation has been made in hard debate and the turmoil of party warfare leaves his work behind him for a moment and allows some generous emotion to color his words, we listen more readily than to any professional rhetoric. In Mr. Chamberlain's speech at the dinner on Monday to celebrate Dominion Day there was this charm of contrast with his other work. In truth, the subject was great enough to inspire a man of far less imagination and historic sense than the colonial secretary. The filial feeling of the colonies in the war has been made a truce of politics, readily admitted by every party; and it requires a conscious effort to realize what exactly is meant by this phrase of journalists. Our first feeling, when we learned the temper of our great overseas, was delight and surprise; now we are beginning to take it for granted, and it is well to be reminded by Mr. Chamberlain's eloquent words of the true magnitude of this loyalty. The colonies, thank heaven! have come to be recognized as a nation, not as a collection of provinces. We see them as already nations, mature and self-conscious for all their youth, following their own ideals and civilizations, but inseparably linked to us by blood and tradition. At home in England we can have no sense of geographical possession. We are a great nation, but our land is a mere incident in our power. But in our colonies wide ambitions are joined literally and directly with wide territories; there is room to move and breathe and expand; and they can see, growing up in their midst, the palpable evidence of their power. He must be a call man indeed whose spirit is not fired by the consideration of the oldest, most populous and most mature of our colonies. To ourselves Canada has always seemed something apart from the others, with more of the old European culture, more long-descended, more northern, and so in some ways more akin to ourselves. The stock of her population was drawn from our best. The hardy, thrifty settler who went out to clear the forest and hunt the beaver, the speculator, the French population she has a curious, interesting, and difficult class, who so far have been made to live harmoniously within her borders. Bands of Scottish emigrants, from the '45 to the present day, have gone west to Manitoba and Saskatchewan, and founded new kingdoms and loath- alms in a country which has much of the character of their own. As General Ian Hamilton said at the same dinner, the Gordons and the Royal Canadians who fought side by side, at Paardeberg were really connected by first cousins if not half-brothers. She has never been made the reservoir for the surplusage of other nations, the wandering alien has not seriously troubled her, and her settlers have been picked men of our own blood. Canada has a land, too, of immense extent and endless variety. Surely in no country in the world is there so great a show of nature, from the pine-archards of Nova Scotia, the populous cities of the St. Lawrence and the ice-fields of Labrador to the prairies of the Northwest and the canyons of the Pacific. All, or nearly all, is well watered, and no part is without some form of agriculture. Her climate is temperate, in few places inimical to life and labor, and well suited to a strong and healthy race. It is a platitude that the nature of a country and climate has a great share in forming the character of a people, the men whose root stock is Saxon, or at least northern, some vigor in the elements and the landscape is necessary for the maintenance of true moral and physical manhood. Canada is essentially a country of the larger air, where men can still face the old primeval forces of nature and be braced into vigor, and withal so beautiful that it can readily inspire that romantic patriotism which is one of the most precious assets of a people. The tall men in the Canadian contingents, with their curious brightness of eye, which comes from looking over vast prospects of country, were more than volunteers or Manitoba stock-riders. They were to the observant man the visible sign of a masculine and unwaried nation.

"We look to you," said Mr. Chamberlain, "the young nations, the heirs of the future, to appreciate our position, to approve our policy, to give us your help, to enable us to meet the taunts of our enemies with the cheer of our children." There is but one attitude which Britain can adopt to those "sons of her household." Long ago, before we understood the true theory of English colonization, we talked of "dependencies" and "plantations," and tried to force young countries into the strait-jacket of imported constitutional forms. We were nervous about anything which might impair their close relationship with ourselves, not seeing that a perpetual state of pupillage is not the best method of securing a child's well-being or affection. In those days we regarded the colonies from our point of view; now, when our eyes are open, we can look at them from their own. Much false rhetoric and foolish sentiment have been expended on this newly discovered colonial kinship, but no innuities can quite obscure the real grandeur of the revelation at the back of all the drums and cheering. Our colonial policy, is simple; we do not wish to impose any scheme of federation, say ready-made links of connection; we wish only to see each colony prosper, for in the furtherance of its

prosperity we see the surest promise of union. The wise father who seeks the well-being of his child, does not ask him to remain always at home, or to follow the same profession, or to imitate him slavishly in dress and conduct. He desires the child to make his way in the world, and he helps him to this end, knowing that thus far closer ties of affection will be established than if he had coerced him into his own ways. When Canadian federation was first proposed, it was currently supposed that the loosening of the old bonds, it meant really the opposite, for the bonds are so weak as the artistically imposed, and some so strong as those naturally and spontaneously created by an independent people. Hence, much as we desire to see the colonies sharing directly with us the consideration and execution of Imperial measures, we would wait patiently till of their own accord they make the offer. The bonds must be self-made, the sacrifices undertaken of their own free will. The vital interest for us is the success of these young nations, for them alone the whole ideal of British policy is in the gift. Consider the freedom, combined with a ready loyalty to the empire—if this ideal is realized it will be the greatest of our contributions to the political history of the world.

We are glad to notice that in Canada there is a strong feeling in favor of the recognition of certain definite Imperial responsibilities. We would be glad to see a strong Canadian reserve for defensive purposes, a Canadian navy to protect her shores, and Canadian representatives, in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's words, "called to our councils." Such a result would be the logical consequence of her growing prosperity and her sense of status as a nation. It would add to her own prestige and at the same time it would lighten to some extent the burden upon Britain. It would mean an increased community of interest between the young country and the old, and it would add to the security of both. Some time—we hope the day is far distant—Canada may be called upon to protect her southern frontier against the United States, or her Pacific seaboard against Russia. Her wealth is growing, her interests may soon conflict seriously with those of other powers, and her share in any scheme of Imperial defence may become a very vital one. If she offers to help in the work of empire, we believe that while in the present our hands will be strengthened, in the future she herself will be abundantly repaid."

WITH THE S. A. CONSTABULARY

A letter from one of the South African constabulary says:

"We arrived at Cape St. Vincent on April 9th, and it was a fine night going into the bay. The lighthouse is at the mouth, which is situated on the top of a 700 feet high, the cape on the left and another barren island of rock on the right. The sea seems to go straight out of the sea, and the town is located at the foot, in which the houses are all built on a level. There are no trees or grass, but there were dozens of sheep from all over the world anchored. We could not land on account of the sickness, and when we dropped anchor the British consul and the doctor came out to us with orders to go to Cape Town. We left at 1 o'clock, and by 4 o'clock in the evening I had a fever, my stomach was broken out, and one time there were over 100 men in the hospital. We had four deaths, and it was a sad sight to see them buried at sea. We arrived in Cape Town at 11 o'clock on April 26th. It looked like sailing into Toronto harbor, there being so many lights along the foot of the mountain. We tied up at noon, and by 4 o'clock in the afternoon 400 men were issued rifles, water bottles, rubber sheets and 150 rounds of ammunition, and boarded a train of coal cars for Bloemfontein. We landed here (Bloemfontein) at 7 o'clock on May 2. Our tents were all put up for us, and we went into camp, which is beside the railroad in a valley, with mountains all around us. It was a grand sight going through the mountains in Cape Colony. It took us two days and nights after we left there, as we only travelled in the daytime, as the Boers were all around. I would love to be in business here. Prices are very high. Here are a few of them: Apples, 4 for 30c; tea biscuits, 50c per pound; ginger snaps, 40c per pound; matches, 5c a small box; boots, \$19 a pair."

Writing on May 21, he says: "The weather is grand; not a drop of rain now or cloud in the sky. One day last week we had a sandstorm and had to stay in the tents for two hours. I will send you a sample of the sand where we are encamped. There are patches of grass here and there, but not much. Africa always seemed to me to be a land of savages and deserts and swamps, but from what I have seen of it it does not seem different from our own. There are some beautiful houses here; very large, and built of red and white stone; pretty flower-gardens and lawns, with huge stone fences around them."

"Last night was my first real night on duty. I was sent as corporal, with twelve men, to relieve the old sentries at this fort. Each sentry is relieved every 24 hours. The fort, as they call them, are circular trenches, six feet deep, four feet wide, and I should think about 50 yards around. Outside is stonework, 2-3 sand bags piled up on both sides, and upholes every yard

apart, with bomb-proof roof. I, as corporal, did not get a wink of sleep all night, as I had to post a new sentry every two hours. There are hundreds of these forts.

"General Knox sent in here last week 12,000 head of cattle and 4,000 head of sheep. You cannot imagine what 16,000 head means until you see them march past. The Boers are coming in every day and surrendering. Most of them are in rags. We have a refugee camp where they are put. The men are sent to Bloemfontein, and the women are kept here—that is for this district."

LIQUORS!

A Summer Tonic. A beverage that helps sustain the system through the strain of Summer. It quenches the thirst and makes you strong.

FULL LINE OF CHOICE CIGARS.

J. DIAMOND,

Wholesale Liquor Dealer.

TWEEDS, WORSTEDS
Suitable for Summer and Fall Suits.
Call at reduced rates.
Call when you come to the Fair.

W. SAIGON,
Imperial Bank Block, Edmonton.

Cottage for Sale.

A four-roomed cottage on Eighth Street. Built last year ago. Apply to
MISS DYER, Edmonton.

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED.

Apply to the Matron, Public Hospital.

COAL.

For Cash.
Telephone
WM. HUMBERSTONE.

Edmonton Public Reading Room,

Books, Magazines and Newspapers on hand.
Free to all. Open 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

A. T. CUSHING, President.

MONEY TO LEND

AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST.

Straight Loans. Interest payable at end of each year, on Improved Farms and Town Property, by
The Canada Permanent & Western
Canada Mortgage Corporation.

APPLY TO
W. S. ROBERTSON
Appraiser and Agent, Edmonton.

Store and office to let in Robertson Block. Also storage for household and other effects by week or month on reasonable terms. Apply to
W. S. ROBERTSON, Sheriff's Office.

Mercer's

Liquor Store

REMOVED TO
J. L. Johnson's
Old Stand
J. B. MERCER.

One of the most famous old Scotch whiskeys, 1000 to 1500 years old, dark brown and full of life. One day last week we had a sandstorm and had to stay in the tents for two hours. I will send you a sample of the sand where we are encamped. There are patches of grass here and there, but not much. Africa always seemed to me to be a land of savages and deserts and swamps, but from what I have seen of it it does not seem different from our own. There are some beautiful houses here; very large, and built of red and white stone; pretty flower-gardens and lawns, with huge stone fences around them."

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Summer Goods.

Immense Display Now On View.

For the Best Goods at Lowest Prices, go direct to

The Manchester House.

The Great Bargain Centre of Edmonton.

Ladies' Department.

Splendid values in Lustre, Serge, and Tweed Skirts, from \$2.40 and upwards. Linen Skirts at \$1, and a very nice line of Under Skirts at 40c and upwards. BLOUSES, BLOUSES, BLOUSES. An enormous range. Every one a bargain.

Trimmed Hats.

Still on hand a nice range of Trimmed Hats, also Sailors, in plain and fancy Straw, which are being cleared at and below cost. Infants' and Children's Head Gear in Silks and Muslins, etc.

Men's & Boys' Clothing and Furnishings

Men's Suits from \$4.50 and upwards.
Boys' Suits from \$2.50 and upwards.
Boys' Duck Suits 75c and upwards.

Agent for The Butterick Publishing Co.'s July Patterns now on sale

Terms Strictly Cash. W. Johnstone Walker.

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES
DOORS and SASH.

D. R. Fraser & Co.

Always on Hand...

Sausage, all kinds; best quality.
Pork: Hams, Bacon, Lard. x x
Prime Beef. x x Mutton.
British Columbia Salmon. x x

Vogel & Tomlinson.

Larue & Picard
General Merchants

Always carry a full line in Groceries, Dry-Goods, Boots and Shoes, Gents' Furnishings, Hats and Caps, and Crockery.

We defy competition as to prices.

New-comers are cordially invited.

GREAT SALE

79 Suits of...

MEN'S CLOTHING

BOUGHT DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS

Having decided to go out of Clothing, as we have no room to show it, we are now Selling Up-to-Date Suits at the Manufacturers Prices.

If you want a Nobby Suit call and examine our goods and save the Wholesale and Retail Profit.

MONTGOMERY'S

CASH STORE.

Subscribe for The Bulletin, \$1 a Year

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I. S. CUNAN, ADVOCATE, JAMES
Office over the Bank of Canada

M. DONALD, ADVOCATE, JAMES
Office over the Bank of Canada

B. J. C. F. ADVOCATE, JAMES
Office over the Bank of Canada

TAYLOR & BUTLER, ADVOCATES, JAMES
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LOCAL

—A. Engstrom visited Leduc on Friday.

—A. Crustall left for the east on Saturday.

—J. E. Sheppard, of Leduc, was in town today.

—B. Paradis, of Saddle Lake, came in last week.

—Rev. John Scott, of Leduc, was in town last week.

—J. Chabreton came in from Calgary on Friday.

—A. Grant spent a few days in Calgary last week.

—N. Lauder spent a few days at Leduc last week.

—Mrs. C. W. Sutter left for Winnipeg on Saturday.

—G. M. Mansel returned from Leduc Friday evening.

—S. B. McNamara is erecting a residence on 4th street.

—E. Raymer is expected home sometime during the week.

—The N. W. M. P. barracks have been newly ka'bonined.

—A saw mill is being put up at the foundry for the Dering Co.

—W. McCully, Strathcona, is clearing out his furniture stock.

—Mrs. J. A. Powell went south on Saturday en route to Banff.

—Mrs. W. E. Gorman leaves tomorrow for the Winnipeg fair.

—C. Armstrong is starting a general store at Sidney Place Centre.

—A beer garden has been started on the other side near the bridge.

—Miss Shillito, of Lacombe, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. V. Shaw.

—W. A. Griesbach left for Winnipeg today to attend the fair.

—J. K. Macdonald left on Saturday to attend the Winnipeg exhibition.

—C. Sandison has erected a new residence on his place west of town.

—Professor S. Jones has taken the leadership of the Presbyterian choir.

—W. A. Brewster is erecting a brick oven for baking coals all the foundry.

—T. J. McNamara came in from Calgary on Friday evening and returns today.

—G. Murray, late of the Merchant's Bank, staff, left for Winnipeg on Saturday.

—The daily bus between Strathcona and Edmonton has been provided with a covering.

—Cushing Bros. have nearly completed a frame residence on Namayo avenue, north.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Richardson returned today from a week's holidays in Strathcona.

—Rev. W. J. Haggit preached morning and evening in the Methodist church yesterday.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. Wentz, came in from North Dakota, last week to make their home in the district.

—Strathcona's fair which was announced for the 7th and 8th has been indefinitely postponed.

—The regular shoot of the gun club will be held tomorrow night on the Hudson's Bay grounds.

—Leduc sports, which were billed for Wednesday last, were indefinitely postponed owing to rain.

—Messrs. Lurue & Starrett have disposed of their Strathcona business to Messrs. Grey and McEwen.

—Today is the date of the sports at Morinville under the auspices of the Morinville baseball association.

—C. Gallagher will attend as representative, the C. M. B. A. convention in London, Ont., early next month.

—Judge Dubuc, who has been visiting his son here, Lucien Dubuc, returns to Winnipeg to-morrow morning.

—Billodeau & Carreau have dissolved partnership, the business to be conducted in the future by H. Carreau.

—Friday night's mail was small, No. 1 not reaching Calgary in time to connect with the P. & E. north bound.

—The high water in the river necessitated the removal of the pumping station to a position higher on the bank.

—Strathcona's new fire hall and council chamber is nearing completion. The roof is now being placed in position.

—Mother Waring, sister superior of Sacred Hearts convent, has been ill in the hospital for some time and little hopes are held out for her recovery.

—T. Lamoureux appeared before J. S. Cowan, P. M., in the fire hall on Saturday on a charge of illicit sale of liquor preferred by license inspector Cooper. The case was dismissed.

—W. N. Hammond, M. D., will lecture in Ross' Hall, Strathcona, Friday evening, Aug. 2nd, subject, "Reminiscences of three trips around the world and eighteen months at a soldier in the South African war." See bills for particulars.

—P. Anderson began work at his brick yard this afternoon, having closed down for a few days owing to wet weather. Building operations on the new school and the Presbyterian church were also resumed this morning.

—The crossing at Rat Creek is reported in a most dangerous condition. Three loads of hay stuck in the place on Saturday, a team of mules was nearly drowned there and later on a party of freighters were hung up, necessitating the unloading and portaging of their loads.

—R. Easton came in from the coast last week.

—Joe Chabreton leaves town this week for Great Falls, Montana.

—Miss Maud McCauley has received word of her success in the recent examination for second class certificate.

—Rev. Ira Hicks, the Exeter weather prophet, who has struck stormy July to a mite, looks for a dry August. So be it.

—The foundation of the new Presbyterian church has been completed and the basement windows are being put in place.

—Reports from Morinville and Sturgeon river indicate that the rainfall in those localities has been much lighter than in town.

—A meeting of the school board called for Saturday afternoon was postponed, not enough members being present to form a quorum.

—A citizen of St. Albert coming to Edmonton today got his horse and rig stuck in the mud and was obliged to extricate the latter by doubling up with his horse.

—The fine weather of yesterday and today has been a pleasant surprise. The moon is full on Wednesday and if there is any connection between the weather and the present state of the weather she cannot get full too soon weather she cannot get full too soon.

TO PURCHASE HORSE

Commissioner Perry, of the N. W. M. P., comes to this evening's train and will purchase horses for the force at the barracks here to-morrow and at Fort Saskatchewan on Wednesday. The style of horses required is indicated as "Saddle geldings to be from 15 1/2 hands, 4 to 6 years old. Team geldings, to be from 15 1/2 to 16 hands, 4 to 6 years old. Horses must be broken and of good sound colors. No greys or parti-colored horses will be taken." The commissioner returns south on Thursday's train.

FARMERS' MARKETS

New hay brings \$10 per load.

Potatoes, none offering. Worth about \$1.50 per bag.

Beef, supply fair; live 3c; dressed, 5 1/2c to 6c.

Mutton, 4c live.

Pork, 5c live.

Butter, 12 1/2c to 15c.

Eggs, 12 1/2c to 15c.

LEDCU

(Correspondence.)

Jas. Elliott and Mr. Matheson left on Friday for Winnipeg to take in the fair.

M. Barrett is now tending bar at the Waldorf.

Crops are looking good in this locality and everything points to a good harvest.

Don't forget that our postponed sports come off on Tuesday, the 30th.

Paul Therault has rented his livery business to Mr. John McLeod.

Norman Lauder, of Edmonton, who has been staying in Leduc, for a few days, left for home on Saturday.

Dr. Suberland and Mr. J. F. Smith left on Saturday for Calgary on a business trip.

Mr. Lendrum, of Strathcona, is surveying town site lots for Mr. R. T. Telford.

July 26, 1901.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Friday.

Victoria—W. Vereter, Kinhi; Dan Brox, Jacob Brax, Albert Kuhl, Spruce Grove.

Queen's—B. W. McEwen, G. F. Vetter, Miss P. Lalond, Lamoureux, Miss Lamoureux, Fort Saskatchewan; H. Turcotte, St. Albert; F. J. Waldron, N. D. C. Bolton, North Bruce, Ont.; H. P. Bailey, A. G. Livingstone, Qu'Appelle; W. S. Crosby, Edmonton; Jas. A. Scott, Iowa; R. Chabot, Morinville; A. E. Shackleton, D. Avery, Beaver Hills; B. Paradis, Saddle Lake.

Alberta—W. D. Patterson, Woodstock; M. James, Toronto; A. Grant, Calgary.

Jasper—N. Harbottle, Toronto; W. Graham, Ottawa; D. Caswell, Coldwater; F. A. Brandt, Owen Sound; W. Seelley, Star; E. Rodnoruk, Whitford; F. A. Pierce, New Lunnun.

Monday.

Queen's—Galeon Belisle, J. Belisle, St. Albert; A. Ropel, M. Rivest, S. P. Dewar, Magnville, John McNamara, T. McNamara, Canadia; A. Bernier, A. Lamoureux, Fort Saskatchewan; L. E. Fontaine, Quebec; J. E. Sheppard, Leduc; J. Macdonald, Victoria, B. C.

Alberta—J. W. Wey, Victoria; E. G. Hipwell, G. H. Stewart, Winnipeg; W. G. Laurie, Calgary; C. Reid, Vancouver; A. L. Crome, Oak Lake.

Jasper—N. M. Landscry, Leduc; J. N. Belisle, St. Albert.

BIRTHS

Horicks—At Turnip lake on Tuesday, July 23rd, the wife of Wm. Horicks, of a son.

—THE—

Merchants Bank

OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Capital Paid Up, \$6,000,000.

Reserve Fund, 2,600,000.

EDMONTON BRANCH.

Interest allowed on Deposits.

A general banking business transacted.

J. S. WILLIOTT, Manager.

AUTHORITATIVE ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Bulletin is authorized to inform the public that Mr. McCauley, M. L. A., has no intention of withdrawing from politics, or of refusing to be a candidate at the next election.

THE DOINGS OF THE WEEK

Morinville picnic today.

Band practice to-night.

Leduc sports to-morrow.

Gun club shoot to-morrow evening.

Council meets Wednesday evening.

Panoka sports on Thursday.

TURNIP LAKE

Alfred Hutchings, J. P., contemplates making a visit to his former home in eastern Ontario, this winter.

Mr. Stanton intends to move up his wife and family from Ontario, next spring to his farm here.

A young stranger, of which Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Horicks are justly proud, arrived at their home last Tuesday morning. It is a boy.

Some small culverts between here and Edmonton are washed away, the creeks are swollen and Rat Creek is a small river. Roads are almost impassable, but still rigs get through somehow, on the road part of the way and off it the rest.

Rev. Mr. Haggit preached a very able, instructive and interesting sermon to a large congregation in the school house yesterday afternoon. Service is held in the school house at 2 o'clock, Sabbath school at 1:30 p. m. each Sunday.

The crops in the district are looking splendid. All that is needed now is a few weeks of fine weather.

Mr. Drayton has purchased a new organ, and Miss Josie is making rapid progress with her music.

July 29, '01.

The ladies aid of the public hospital wish to most heartily thank the people of Clover Bar for the sum of \$61.85, also the people of Poplar lake for the sum of \$29.

TO RENT

Stable to rent. Apply to 77-82 C. W. MATHEWS.

WANTED

First-class cook. Applicants address MRS. T. C. ANDERSON, Diard Hotel, Wetaskiwin.

FOR SALE

Thrashing outfit complete with 8 horse sweep power jack and belt, in thorough repair. Will exchange for a 5000 working team and outfit, or cash. E. S. HARRIS, Thibault Farm, Star, P. O.

TEACHER WANTED

For Bon Accord Protestant public school No. 438 for ten months duties to commence 1st September until July 1st, 1902. Apply, stating salary expected, to ALBERT G. HEWITT, Sec. Treas. 77-83 New Lunnun, P. O. Alberta.

FOR SALE

One Advance Separator 36 inch cylinder, 56 inch body. One Northwest engine 16 horse power, 1 vent grinder, 1 water tank and tank pump, the property of the Sturgeon Thrashing Company for sale together or separately on easy terms. Apply 77-84 G. TAYLOR, Sec.

T. A. STEPHEN'S LIST.

Main Street Property.

Several lots between the Hudson's Bay Co.'s stores and Imperial C are well worth looking at, and

Side Street Propositions which will bear inspection and give good interest on investment.

—*—

T. A. STEPHEN, Real Estate Agent, Edmonton Office late door east of Post Office.

LIQUORS.

A Summer Tonic. A beverage that helps sustain the system through the strain of Summer. It quenches the thirst and makes you strong.

FULL LINE OF CHOICE CIGARS.

—*—

J. DIAMOND, Wholesale Liquor Dealer.

TWEEDS, WORSTEDS Suitable for Summer and Fall Suits. Sold at reduced rates. Call when you come to the Fair. W. SAIGON, Imperial Bank Block, Edmonton. Cottage for Sale. A four-roomed cottage on Eighth Street. Built one year ago. Apply to MISS DYER, Edmonton.

COAL.

For Cash.

Telephone

WM. HUMBERSTONE.

Edmonton Public Reading Room.

Books, Magazines and Newspapers on hand. Free to all. Open 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. A. T. CUSHING, President.

Money LEND

AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST.

Straight Loans. Interest payable at end of each year, on Improved Farms and Town Property, by The Canada Permanent & Western Canada Mortgage Corporation.

APPLY TO W. S. ROBERTSON, Appraiser and Agent, Edmonton.

Store and office to let in Robertson Block. Also storage for household and other effects by week or month on reasonable terms. Apply to W. S. ROBERTSON, Sheriff's Office.

Mercer's

Liquor Store

REMOVED TO

J. L. Johnson's Old Stand

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J. B. MERCER.

Canadian Pacific Railway

The C Imperial C Limited Commencing Monday, June 10th FROM Coast to Coast —IN— 100 Hours P Every Day in the Week. Connecting with Steamers P Alberta, Athabasca, Manitoba R Sailing from Fort William R TUESDAY, FRIDAY, SUNDAY.

For information and full particulars apply to nearest agent or address: WM. STITT, C. E. MCPHERSON, A. G. P. A. Winnipeg, G. P. A. Winnipeg.

\$1200 IN CASH SCIP FOR SALE. APPLY A. G. HARRISON

ENTRUST. On premises of undersigned, one red ox, right ear cut; also two red cows, head-on B on right side, right ear cut. JERRY TUBCHENSKI, Sec. 35-55 St. Beaver Creek.

Ontario and Ontario Conservatory of Music. The only Ladies' College in Canada taking up regularly the first two years' work of the University with honors, also the entire musical course of Toronto Conservatory in piano, pipe organ, voice culture, violin, cello, harmony, etc. The very best facilities for the study of fine art, elocution, commercial and domestic science. Pastoral buildings pronounced by the Hon. J. G. Macdonald, the Governor-General "Undoubtedly the best building he had seen in Canada." Send to J. G. Macdonald, Esq., Ottawa, for prospectus.

REV. J. J. HARE, Ph. D., Principal.

..SUMMER..

Clearing Sale

—AT THE—

Hudson's Bay Stores

SHIRTWAISTS are still going at the ridiculously low figures of last week. They are naturally selling fast at these prices, but likely we still have something to suit you. THERE ARE NO OLD STOCK, but the very choicest 1901 productions. We bought these goods much below their value, we are able to lose money, to sell them far below what other stores had to pay similar goods.

ON SATURDAY, JULY 27TH

Numerous lines will be added to our LIST OF BARGAINS which will include

REMNANTS of Prints, Satens, Flannelettes, Gingham, REMNANTS of Ribbons and Laces. REMNANTS of Silks, including some Blouse lengths. REMNANTS of Carpets.

All these will go at very low prices.

We will also offer

Colored Silk Parasols at half price. Ladies' Collars, Men's Collars at 5c. each. Children's Straw Hats. Your choice for 20c. each. Men's Straw Hats. Anything in stock at 25c. each. White Dress Shirts, were \$1.50 and \$1.75, for \$1.00. Colored Shirts, were \$1.50, for \$1.00; were \$1.25, for 75c. Ties, choice of a large assortment worth 25c to 75c, for 10c. Men's Soft Felt Hats, grey, were \$1.35, for 50c; were \$2 for \$1. Black Fedoras, were \$1.25, sale price 75c. Brown, Fawn and Seal, best American and English hats were worth \$2.25 and \$2.50, sale price \$1.00.

To Make the Sale Attractive

We have put in several lines of House Furnishings at special bargains. A Heavy Soft Velvety Axminster Rug, was \$5.00, sale price \$3.50. Canadian Wilton Rugs, were \$3.25, sale price \$2.25. Chenille Curtains, were \$3.50, sale price \$2.25. Figured Rep. Curtains, were \$10.00, sale price \$6.00. Tapestry Curtains, one pair only, were \$7.50, now \$4.50. Many short pieces of Carpet, suitable for small rooms, value to be sold as remnants.

We want to open every season with nothing but new goods. Our stock must be cleared.

THE HUDSON'S BAY STORES

EDMONTON'S CASH STORE

J. H. Morris & Co.

Boots and Shoes.

Having just received a large shipment of Boots & Shoes, we are prepared to meet all requirements of the public. A perfect fit guaranteed or money refunded.

FOR WOMEN.—In Empire Shoes we can give a very large assortment at prices to suit all. We can give you a very nice line in lace boots with self tips at \$2.50.

At \$3.00 we are showing a very nice line in lace and button boots. At \$3.50 we can give you a very nice line in lace boots, with self tips and rubber heels.

\$4.00 will buy a first-class lace boot, good heavy sole and with rubber heels. Just the thing for street wear.

At \$4.50 we have a very swell line of lace boots with patent tips and beautifully made.

We have a nice line of Empire Strap Slippers made in the latest styles, with French heels, only \$2.00 per pair.

We also carry a full line of Boots and Shoes from The Ames-Holmes Co., McPherson, McCredy, Harvey VanNorman.

J. H. MORRIS & CO.

TERMS CASH, Free and Prompt Delivery.

Call during Fair Days..

and see our line of ..Ladies' Hats... we have marked down to Clear Out

GROCERIES, DRY-GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES.

Open mornings during the Fair and Wednesday evening.

—*—

JOS. CHENIER.

1,000,000 DOLLARS

Represents the past value of Red Star Brand Ready Roofing.

It is distinguished by the Patent Wire Edge as well as the superior quality of the goods.

SOLD ONLY BY CUSHING BROS.

Edmonton and Strathcona. Builders' Supplies of all kinds promptly delivered.